

<https://doi.org/10.29013/EJEAP-23-1-19-22>

Shakhimardonova Bakhtigul,
Independent researcher, Department of Pre-school Education,
Denov Institute of Entrepreneurship and Pedagogy, Uzbekistan

TECHNOLOGIES FOR DEVELOPING THE QUALITIES IN THE MORAL EDUCATION OF CITIZENS OF THE ANDRAGOGICAL AGE FORMED IN THE SOCIETY

Abstract. As noted in this article, education not only for young people, but also for adults is important in the development of society and in the education of adults – human dignity, morals, pride, honor, preservation of honor, knowledge is stated to be the main objective in obtaining and this is shown on a modular basis.

Keywords: andragogy, adults, upbringing, education, human dignity, manners, pride, shame, modesty, honor.

Introduction

“Education is for us a matter of life, death, salvation, destruction, happiness, or disaster”.

A. Avloni.

Androgogically, who do we call an “adult”? Unfortunately, the period of life activity after the place of education is not classified on a scientific basis. In a person, this period is called according to age (up to 30 years old, from 30 to 45 years old, up to 65 years old, after 75 years old) or traditionally called youth, maturity, old age. In some cases, when determining the age limits, various similes are used, such as “spring of life”, “beautiful age”, “modern age”, “retired age”, “retirement age”.

The improvement of any society, all countries depends on the essence, pace of development, morals, upbringing, behavior and level of spiritual perfection of the people living in this country. It is known in history that where the spiritual-cultural, manners-moral perfection is high, and educational-educational activities are rationally implemented, there the criteria of social justice of the society are rapidly developed. There are three important foundations of the democratic legal society that we are building in the new independent Uzbekistan. These are: economic, political and spiritual. The stronger

and stronger these foundations are, the brighter our future will be, and most importantly, the society will develop faster. Our people are trying to rapidly develop the development of our country. In this period, the processes of education and upbringing of people of androgogical status throughout their lives are the current problems. Following the traditions of wisdom of our ancestors, we are implementing reforms. Political activity is increasing in our society, deep reforms are being implemented in all spheres.

Their goal is to build a democratic state and a fair society, where the implementation of the simple and clear principle of “Human interests are above all else” is of primary importance. It was shown that state bodies should serve our people. It is no longer possible to live in the old way. Virtual and public receptions of the President were established in all regions of our country. Nowadays, more than two million of our citizens solve their urgent problems through these reception centers. In order to avoid such problems, we should consider it our sacred duty to educate not only our children, but also all senior citizens based on national values, customs and beliefs. High decency is not something that was invented yesterday or today. They were formed on the basis of the

thousand-year history of mankind, the experience of several generations of our ancestors.

Materials and methods

It is known that a strong and powerful state is created on the ground of decency and morality. The people of such a powerful state should be able to protect their pride, honor and values. Therefore, in the education of adults, the main goal should be teaching to preserve and protect human dignity, morals, pride, shame, and honor. Then, all our people will work in the society where they live based on the examples of our morals. It should not be forgotten that the prospects of every country, the well-being of its people, peaceful life, and the education of the citizens living in that society depend to a large extent on the education of generations, the level of knowledge and spiritual maturity of our hopeful citizens, because our tomorrow is in their hands.

Therefore, people who consider the process of education as an integral part of social life should pay attention to the unique qualities of education and upbringing of all citizens living in the society and know that they will have their place in the society. Therefore, it can never be left out of love and attention. Because it is difficult to imagine society and its development without carrying out educational work.

Every person living in our country has positive emotions such as humanity, kindness, and tolerance. One of the great values of our people is to show respect to the elderly, to enjoy their valuable advice based on many years of life and work experience, and to carry their prayers. After all, there are wise sayings of our people: "A house with an old man has an angel", "A house with an old man has a fairy", "Old age is decorated with wisdom".

It's not for nothing. It is admirable that this noble value and virtue has found a little expression in the politics of our country today. By the decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated April 2, 2019, "On measures to radically improve the position of neighborhood institutions in dealing with population problems" No. PF-5700, "Advisory

groups for the elderly" were established. October 1, announced by the resolution of the UN General Assembly on December 14, 1990, in order to provide social protection for the representatives of the elderly and young generation, to increase attention and care for them, to improve their living conditions, to ensure that they live an active and meaningful life, and to widely use their rich life experience.

In order to widely celebrate the "International Day of the Elderly" in our country every year, the first week of October was designated as "the week of the elderly". The most gratifying thing is that in the draft decision, the issue of creating and improving technologies for improving the quality of moral education of the elderly citizens formed in the society was specifically mentioned, and significant work is being done to ensure the implementation of the decision. It should be noted here that in order to ensure the high efficiency of this decision, meetings with labor veterans are being organized in the labor unions, various sports events are being held among the elderly, in particular, walking marathons.

All this is a clear expression of the high attention paid to (andragogic) elderly citizens. In a word, all the conditions are being created for elderly people to live a decent life in our country, on the basis of the wide-ranging reforms that are being carried out, first of all, the role of elderly people is incomparable in liberating our society, making our lifestyle more prosperous and prosperous, strengthening peace and tranquility, and increasing the economic potential of our country. So, today's veterans, who, like our elders, served for the interests of the country with loyalty and selflessness for many years, tasted the bitter fate of life, raised the younger generation in the spirit of loyalty to the motherland and showed them the right path during their working career. they have a great contribution in our progress towards peaceful and bright days, and seeing their hands open to prayer and the expressions of satisfaction on their faces, one feels once again how little we appreciate them.

Result and discussion

The integration of our country into the world community, the rapid development of science and technology require the experts engaged in scientific and scientific-pedagogical activities to have excellent knowledge of foreign languages. The successful solution of this task makes it necessary to rely on clear methodological bases in the teaching of foreign languages in andragogic education. Because the main goal of andragogical education is to develop not only professional, but also economic, social and personal competence of a person. In this type of education, the pedagogical process is considered to be a process organized based on the interests and needs of subjects, and the primary criterion is to take into account the specific level of educational goals and the practical aspects of knowledge acquisition. There are a number of factors that determine the success of foreign language teaching in andragogic education, and the facilitator should pay special attention to these aspects:

1. Possession of practical life experience. Older learners have a wealth of life experience, and this aspect serves to enrich the entire classroom practice. Practicing teachers say that the presence of older learners in the audience is not without benefits, because they do not hesitate to tell the audience about their rich experiences and freely express their opinions on various topics.

2. High motivation orientation. It should not be forgotten that the interest in learning foreign languages among older learners is usually not directly related to obtaining a certificate or diploma, it arises through their internal initiative. The motivation of older learners to master foreign languages is stronger than that of younger learners. The high level of motivation is reflected in the fact that they do not skip classes, are always active during the lesson, and complete homework assignments.

3. Stability of social intelligence. In the process of teaching an intensive course of a practical foreign language in retraining and advanced training courses, it is possible to be sure that older learners have characteristics with a strong social description. Social intelligence develops depending on personality types with a specific psychological structure, personality traits, and cognitive-emotional and behavioral components. It is the social sociability of older students, their ability to quickly and easily get along with other students, and their ability to organize social events together even before class, which has an effective effect on this process. The results of the research showed that the difficulties faced by older learners in the course of the lesson can be eliminated based on the adaptation of the learning environment, educational materials to the characteristics of the age period, and the development of effective teaching methods. Research scientists C. Keillor and J. Littlefield show that the following criteria should be taken into account in order to prepare adult listeners to learn foreign languages: 1. Creating a calm, peaceful and friendly environment. 2. Establishing a culture of naturalness, tolerance, respect and consensus. 3. Collaborative work on diagnosis of knowledge and skills to be learned. 4. Development of a foreign language learning plan in cooperation.

Conclusion

In conclusion, it can be said that the positive moral qualities of the elderly population are the main factors for forming and enriching the spiritual world of the younger generation, educating them on the basis of independence, and acquiring the rich cultural and spiritual heritage, values, traditions and customs of the Uzbek people. It is important to serve as a program. It is no exaggeration to say that the elderly have been respected in our country since time immemorial, and showing respect to them has become a responsibility and a duty of the youth.

References:

1. Avloni's A. Work "Turkish Gulistan or Morality".– Tashkent, Uzbekistan, 1992.– 160 p.
2. Decision PQ-1875 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan on December 10, 2012. "Measures to further improve the system of learning foreign languages".
3. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidentining 2015 yil 12 iyundagi "oliy talim muassasalarining rahbar va pedagog kadrlarini qayta tayyorlash va malakasini oshirish tizimini yanada takomillashtirish chora- tadbirlari togrisi"dagi PQ–4732-son Farmoni.
4. Keillor C. & Littlefield J. Engaging Adult Learners with Technology. Library Technology Conference: Macalester College. 2012.
5. Rubenson K. Adult Learning and Education. Saint Louis, Mo.: Academic Press. 2011.
6. Bash L. Adult Learners in the Academy. Bolton, Ma.: Anker Publishing Company. 2003.
7. Tight M. Key Concepts in Adult Education and Training. Florence, Ky.: Routledge. 2003.
8. O'zbekiston Respublikasining "Ta'lim to'g'risida" gi Qonuni.– Toshkent: Sharq. 2020 yil.– 23-sentyabr.
9. O'zbekiston Respublikasi Prezidenti Sh. M. Mirziyoyevning - O'zbekiston Respublikasini 2017–21 yillarda yanada rivojlantirish bo'yicha beshta ustuvor yo'nalishlar yuzasidan - Harakatlar strategiyasi- to'g'risida farmoni, 1-ilova.– T.: O'zbekiston, 2017 y.
10. Mirziyoyev Sh. M. Milliy taraqqiyot yo'limizni qat'iyat bilan davom ettirib, yangi bosqichga ko'taramiz.– T.: O'zbekiston, NMIU, 2017 y.– 592-b.
11. Birlashgan Millatlar Tashkiloti Ming yillik deklaratsiyasi (Bosh Assambleya 2000 yil 8 sentyabrdagi 55/2-sonli rezolyutsiyasi bilan qabul qilingan qarori);
12. Abu Nosir Forobiy. Fozil odamlar shahri.– T.: A. Qodiriy, 1993.– 223 b.
13. Uchebnoe posobie "Modulye tehnologii: proektirovanie i razrabotka obrazovatel'nykh program", O.N. Oleynikova, i drugix.– M.: Alfa M; INFRA – M., 2010.– 256 p.
14. Farshi-Djalali B. M., Raximov N. S. "Mahalliy mehnat bozorining miqdoriy tadqiqotini qanday o'tkazish mumkin", Metodik qo'llanma.– Toshkent, 2008.